Team17 - Gnocchi Games

Henry Overton Yousif Habib Ben Dunbar Lucy Newton Adam Blanchet Thomas Heenan

Requirements

Requirements

Our team used a 4-Phase Requirement Elicitation process.

Phase One

This involved gathering requirements, which were put together using both the product brief and the information we had received during our initial and follow-up Team-Customer meetings.

Phase Two

This had our primary developers taking the requirements gathered in Phase One and prioritising them in accordance with the importance of each requirement.

Phase Three

Requirements would be scrutinised for possibly ambiguities or incorrectness by all members of the team, with the customer providing clarification where necessary.

Phase Four

The documentation of all requirements would be formalised with clear and easy-to-read tables to give a systematic and formatted view of everything.

The requirements document begins with a SSON (Simple Statement Of Need) which gives a clear picture of what a final and complete version of the system should be able to provide.

In the documentation, requirements are split into four separate tables, one for each type of requirement. These are:

- User
- Functional
- Non-Functional
- Constraint

For *User*, *Functional*, and *Non-Functional* each is given a unique ID beginning with a prefix dependent on the type of requirement (*UR*, *FR*, *NFR*, respectively).

All requirements in the *User* table are prioritised using the key words *Shall*, *Should*, and *May*.

Shall means that requirement will absolutely be in the final version of the product.

Should means that while the requirement should be in the final version, we cannot absolutely guarantee we will be able to include it.

May means that while the requirement would be beneficial to the overall quality of the product, it is not an absolute necessity and will only be included if we have the time and resources.

Each functional and non-functional requirement is connected to a corresponding user requirement that it helps satisfy. In the *Functional* and *Non-Functional* tables, each requirement references the ID of the requirement in the *User* table it is linked to. In the *Non-Functional* table each requirement also has a "Fit Criteria", this is a brief description of what will be done to make sure that specific requirement is met.

Finally, the *Constraint* table consists of two columns. *Constraint*, which simply contains the type of constraint, and *Description*, which details the specifics of that particular constraint.

Simple Statement Of Need

A casual single-player game based on the York Dragon Race, where users play as a boat team competing in a race, consisting of three legs and a final.

ID	Description	
UR_PLAYABLE	The game shall be playable	Shall
UR_RUNNABLE	The game shall be runnable on standard computer hardware	
UR_MOVE_BOAT	The user shall be able to move their boat	
UR_AI	The user shall have competing AI boats to race against	
UR_TIME_PUNISHMENT	R_TIME_PUNISHMENT The user shall receive a time punishment for leaving their designated lane	
UR_INSTRUCTIONS	The user shall receive instructions on how to play the game	Shall
UR_TIRED	The boat paddlers shall get tired as the race goes on	Shall
UR_CASUAL	The game should be a casual gaming experience	Should
UR_CHOOSE_BOAT	The user should have a selection of boats to choose from	Should
UR_COMPLETABLE	The game should be able to be completed within a given time frame	Should
UR_FAIR	The game should be balanced	Should
UR_DIFFICULT	The difficulty of each leg should be more than the last	Should
UR_OBSTACLES	The user should have objects in the river to dodge	Should
UR_OBSTACLES_DAMA GE	The users robustness should decrease every time an object is hit	Should
UR_PRACTICE	The first leg should not count towards qualifying times for the final race	Should

User Requirements

Functional Requirements

ID	Description	User_Requireme nts_ID
FR_START_LEVEL	The system shall start a leg after a boat is picked	UR_PLAYABLE
FR_END_LEVEL	The system shall end the leg when the player crosses the finish line	UR_PLAYABLE
FR_END_LEVEL_DNF	The system shall end the leg when all other opponents have crossed the finish line	UR_PLAYABLE
FR_CONTROLS	The system will allow the user to use the keyboard to control their boat	UR_RUNNABLE

FR_COLLIDE_BOAT	When two boats collide both take damage	UR_MOVE_BOA T
FR_AI_REMAINING	Al shall control the remaining boats for the user to race against	UR_AI
FR_ADDITIONAL_TIME	The time spent outside of a boat's designated lane will be added to their finishing time	UR_TIME_PUNI SHMENT
FR_DISPLAY_INSTR	When the game is launched the user will receive instructions on how to play	UR_INSTRUCTI ONS
FR_TIRED_INCREASE	A boat's acceleration and maneuverability will decrease as time goes on	UR_TIRED
FR_CHALLENGE	The game should not expect users to perform difficult tasks	UR_CASUAL
FR_BOAT_SELECTION	The look and stats of the boat the user selects will be the same as the boat the user controls in the race	UR_CHOOSE_B OAT
FR_UNIQUE_BOAT	No two boats in the boat selection screen should be the same	UR_CHOOSE_B OAT
FR_END_BOAT_BREAK	The system will end when the user's boat breaks	UR_COMPLETA BLE
FR_CALCULATE_FINAL	The system will calculate the combined times of legs 2 and 3 for each team, with the fastest three teams going to the final	UR_COMPLETA BLE
FR_END_FINAL	The system will award the player a medal after the final	UR_COMPLETA BLE
FR_PODIUM	The system will display the finalists on a podium	UR_COMPLETA BLE
FR_AI_RULES	Al should follow the same rules as the user does	UR_FAIR
FR_AI_IMPROVE	The AI should increase in difficulty at the end of each leg	UR_DIFFICULT
FR_OBSTACLES_INCR	The number of obstacles used in each leg should be more than the last leg	UR_DIFFICULT
FR_OBSTACLES_MOVE	Obstacles should move in a variation of patterns depending on their type	UR_OBSTACLE S
FR_CALC_DAMAGE	The amount of damage taken to the user's robustness should be calculated using the type of obstacle and the speed of the colliding objects	UR_OBSTACLE S_DAMAGE
FR_IGNORE	Performance in first leg will not be recorded	UR_PRACTICE

Non-Functional Requirements

ID	Description	User_Require ments_ID	Fit Criteria
		ments_ID	

NFR_RESILIE NCE	A malfunction in another boat or part of the race should not affect the user's performance in the race	UR_PLAYABL E	If another boat runs out of health or gets stuck it will not affect the user
NFR_USABILI TY	The game shall be in plain English with no especially difficult words	UR_PLAYABL E	All text is in clearly worded English
NFR_VISIBILIT Y	Any text or information displayed should be clearly visible	UR_PLAYABL E	The colour of text is in a contrasting colour to the background and in a readable size
NFR_RELIABI LITY	The system shall reliably run from the start state to an end state	UR_RUNNABL E	Crash Likelihood: <1%
NFR_RESOUR CES	The system shouldn't demand lots of resources	UR_RUNNABL E	<1% of resources of a standard computer
NFR_PORTAB LE	There should be no issue playing the game on a different OS	UR_RUNNABL E	Game file executes correctly across all Operating Systems
NFR_RESPON SE	The system should respond to user inputs quickly	UR_MOVE_BO AT	Time to respond: <0.1s
NFR_SIMPLE	Users should be ready to play the game shortly after reading the instructions	UR_INSTRUC TIONS	1-2 minutes spent reading instructions
NFR_OPERAB ILITY	The game should be playable with minimal training	UR_CASUAL	90% of players should be able to win Leg 1 after just looking at the instructions
NFR_TIME	The game should be finished in under X minutes	UR_COMPLET ABLE	Time taken to complete game is <=10 minutes
NFR_INTEGRI TY	Stats of boats should not be changeable mid-game and presets should be fairly balanced	UR_FAIR	All boats are capable of winning
NFR_ACCURA TE	Time taken for a boat to complete a leg and time taken out of its own lane will be recorded accurately	UR_FAIR	>1% margin of error
NFR_PRECISI ON	The system should reliably detect collisions	UR_OBSTACL ES	Collisions detected 99% of the time

Constraint Requirements

Constraint	Description
Process	The game must be coded in Java
Design	Game will be playable on regular computer hardware running on popular operating systems